

# Can inhomogeneities enhance superconductivity?

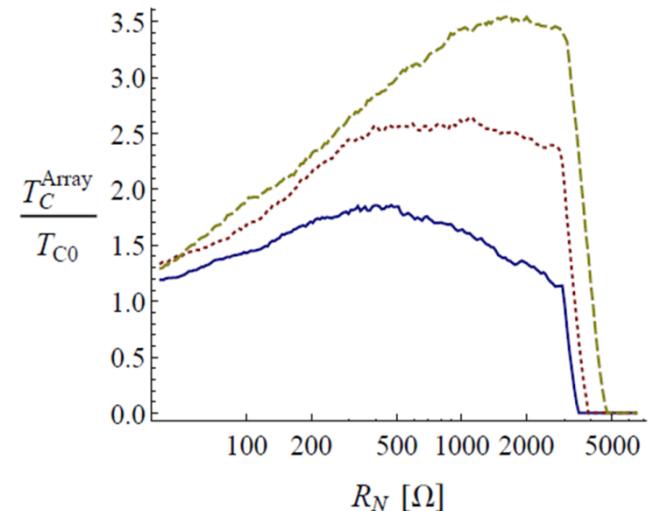
Antonio M. García-García  
Cavendish Laboratory, Cambridge University

Global critical temperature in inhomogeneous superconductors induced by multifractality

arxiv:1412.0029

Strong enhancement of bulk superconductivity by engineered nanogranularity

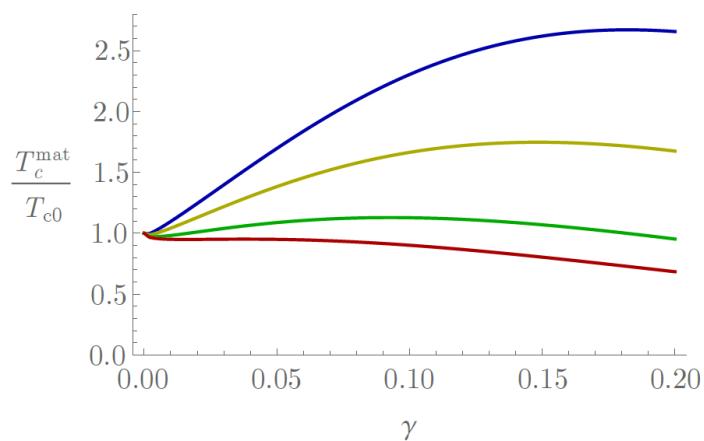
Phys. Rev. B 90, 134513 (2014)



James  
Mayoh



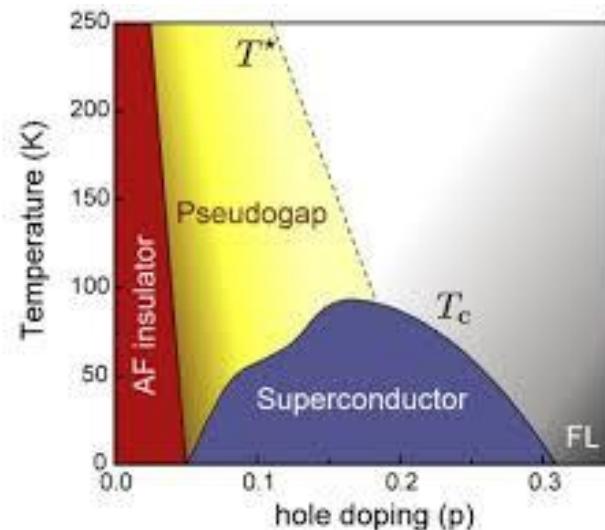
**EPSRC**  
Engineering and Physical Sciences  
Research Council



# Superconductivity



## Mavericks



Quantum critical points ©

Cuprates ~100K 1986 Mueller & Bednorz

$MgB_2$  39K 2001 Akimitsu

FeSC ~50K 2006 Hotsono

Pb ~7K Al ~1K Sn ~3.7K Nb ~9.3K

## Librarians



Thinner  
Cleaner  
Smaller

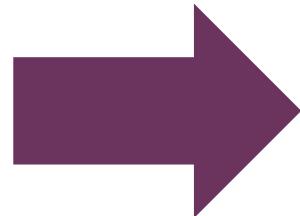
BCS + ....

Thin films  
Josephson Junctions  
Nanowires

Abeles, Tinkham, Devoret, Goldman, Xue, Kern, Di Fazio, Schoen, Halperin, Leggett, Blatt....

Control

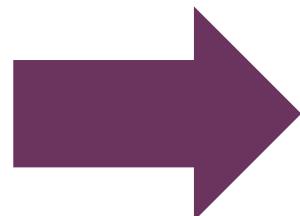
No  
Control



Theory Drifts

Trial and error

Experimental  
Control



Enhancement Tc?

Understanding Tc?

# Mavericks meet Librarians

Learning to design SC

Control on conventional SC

FeSe

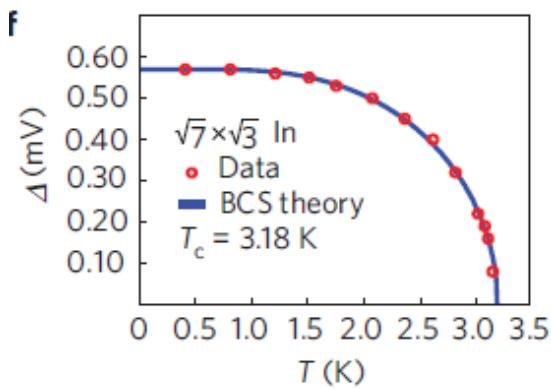
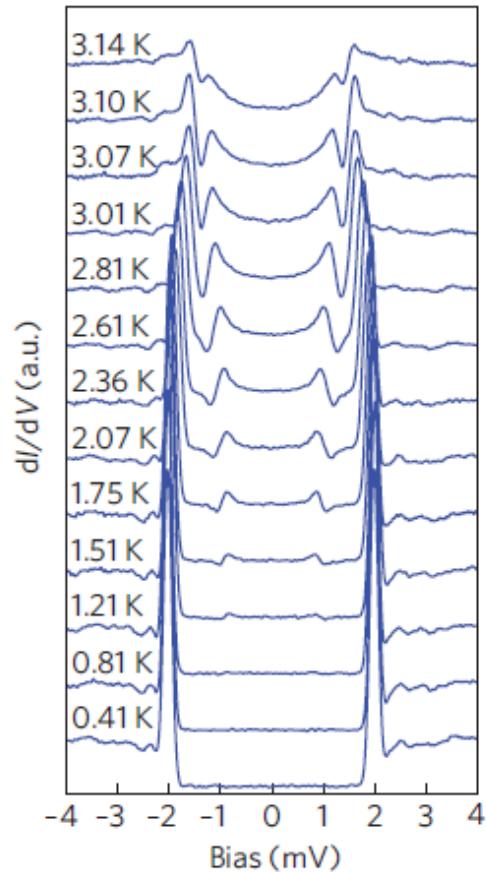
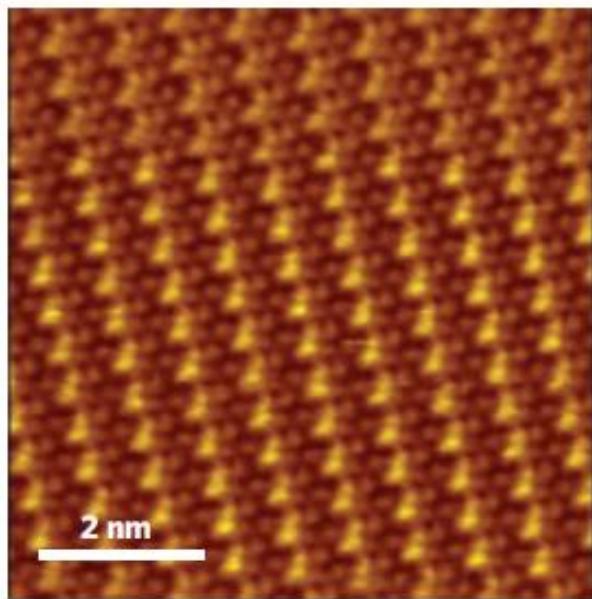
LAO/STO

# Superconductivity in one-atomic-layer metal films grown on Si(111)

Epitaxial  
growth

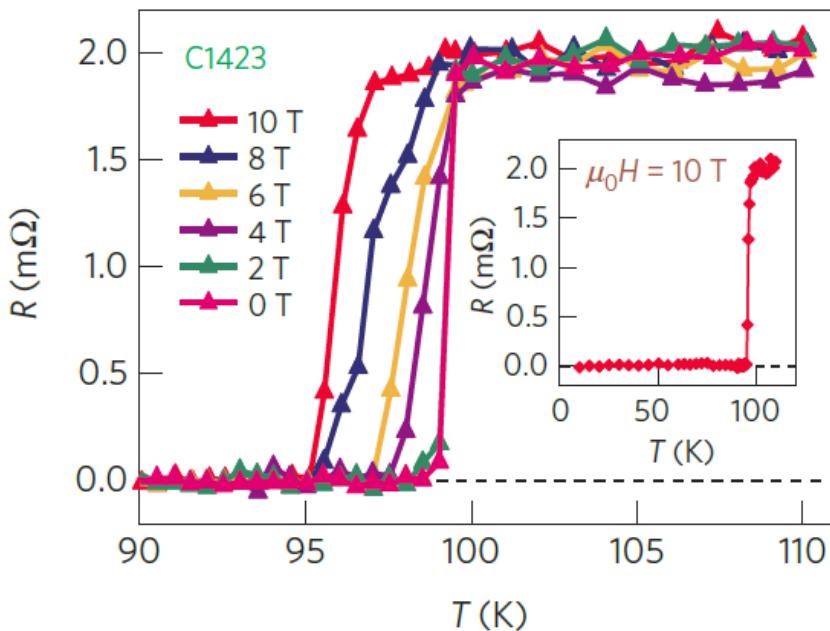
STM

No impurities



# Superconductivity above 100 K in single-layer FeSe films on doped SrTiO<sub>3</sub>

Jian-Feng Ge<sup>1</sup>, Zhi-Long Liu<sup>1</sup>, Canhua Liu<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Chun-Lei Gao<sup>1,2</sup>, Dong Qian<sup>1,2</sup>, Qi-Kun Xue<sup>3\*</sup>, Ying Liu<sup>1,2,4</sup> and Jin-Feng Jia<sup>1,2\*</sup>



Top equipment

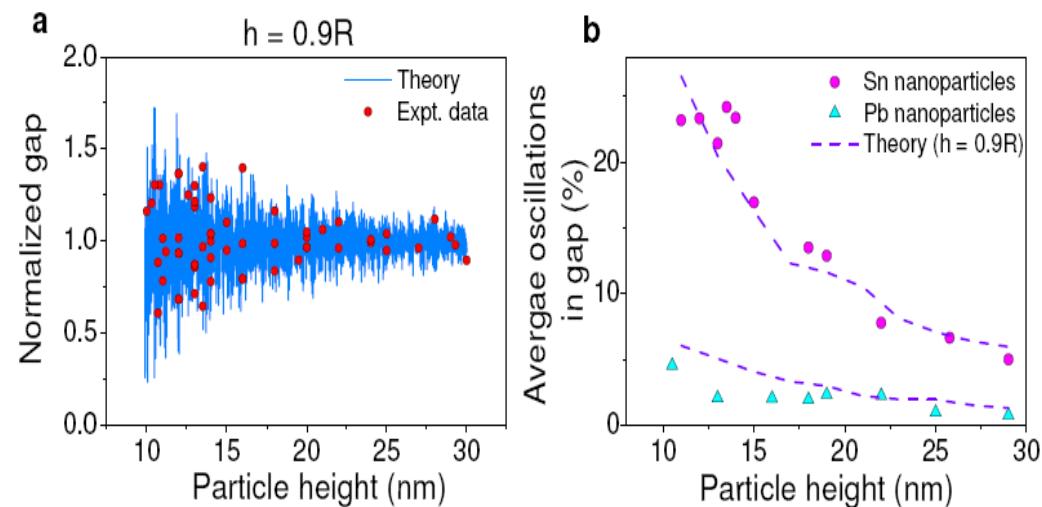
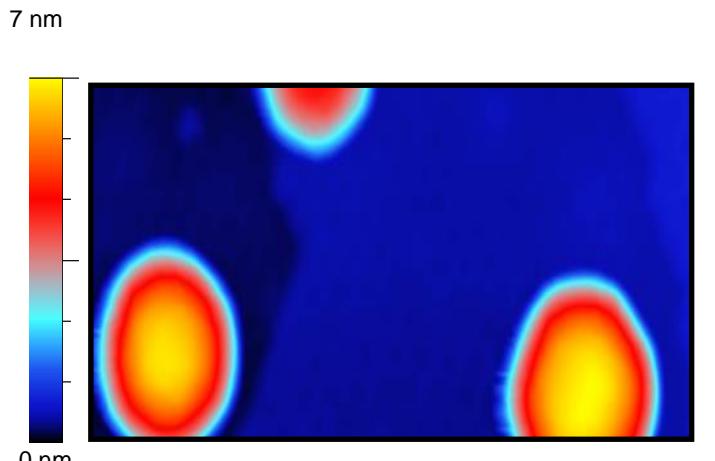
Top expertise

Seminal:

Wang Qing-Yan et al 2012 Chinese  
Phys. Lett. 29 037402

# Observation of shell effects in superconducting nanoparticles of Sn

Sangita Bose<sup>1\*</sup>, Antonio M. García-García<sup>2\*</sup>, Miguel M. Ugeda<sup>1,3</sup>, Juan D. Urbina<sup>4</sup>, Christian H. Michaelis<sup>1</sup>, Ivan Brihuega<sup>1,3\*</sup> and Klaus Kern<sup>1,5</sup>

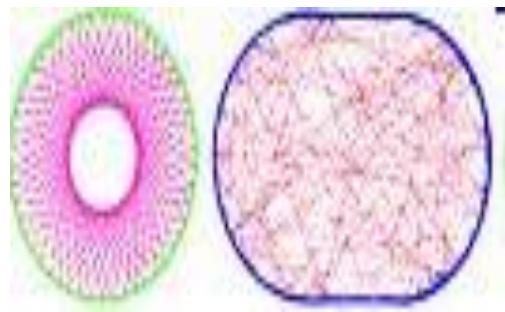


$\Delta \gg \delta$

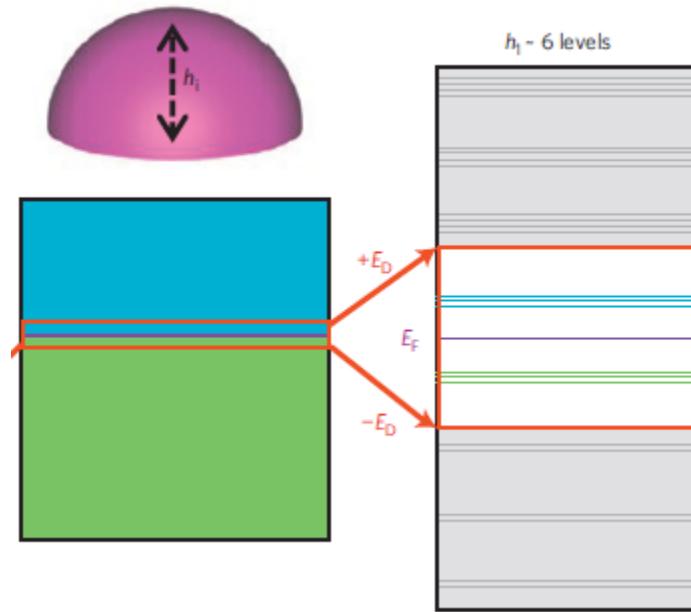
$L \sim 10\text{nm}$

$$I(\epsilon_n, \epsilon_{n'}) = \lambda V \delta \int \psi_n^2(\vec{r}) \psi_{n'}^2(\vec{r}) d\vec{r}$$

$$\Delta(\epsilon) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\epsilon_D}^{\epsilon_D} \frac{\Delta(\epsilon') I(\epsilon, \epsilon')}{\sqrt{\epsilon'^2 + \Delta^2(\epsilon')}} \nu(\epsilon') d\epsilon'$$



$$\nu(\varepsilon) \Leftrightarrow L_p$$



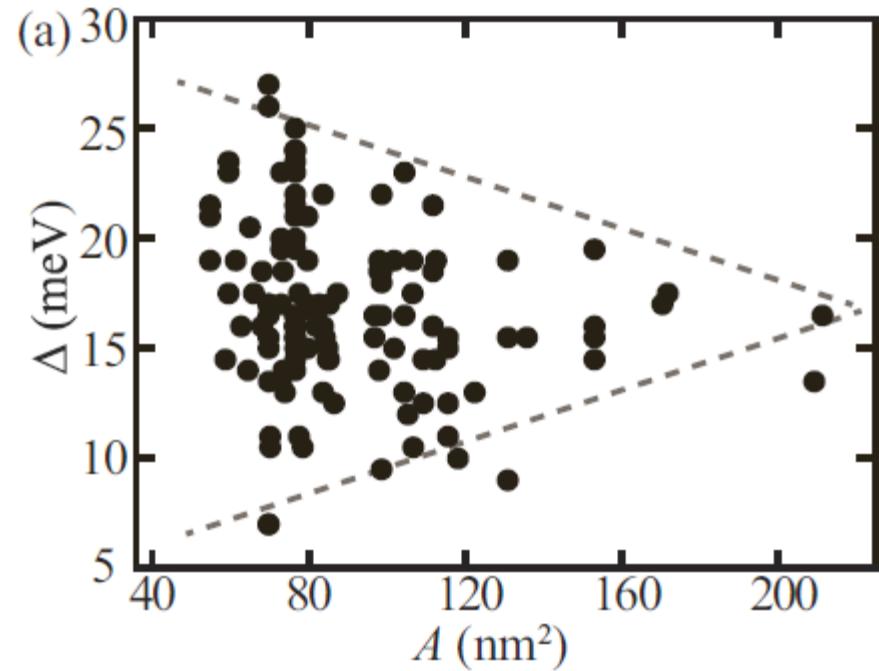
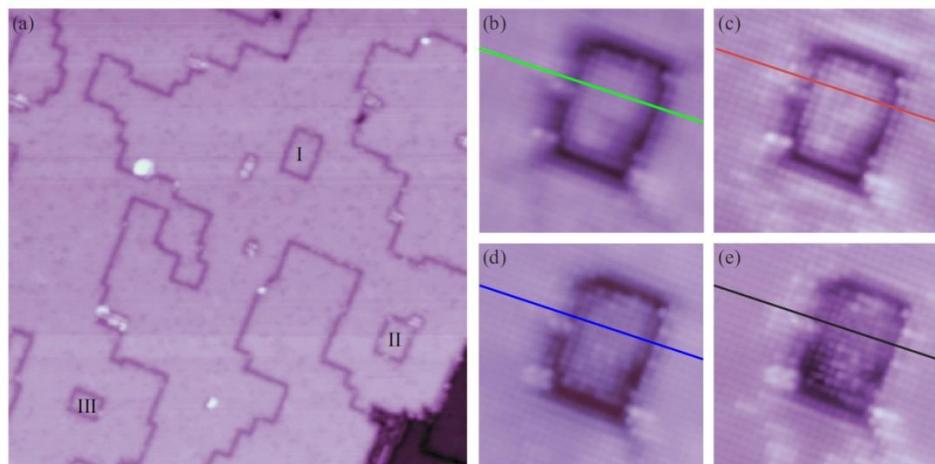
Expansion in  
 $1/k_F L, \delta/\Delta_0$

Parmenter, Blatt, Bianconi, Thompson,  
Perali, Croitoru, Shanenko

AGG, Altshuler, PRL 100, 187001 (2008)  
AGG, Altshuler, PRB 83, 014510 (2011)

# Visualizing superconductivity in FeSe nanoflakes on SrTiO<sub>3</sub> by scanning tunneling microscopy

Zhi Li,<sup>1</sup> Jun-Ping Peng,<sup>1</sup> Hui-Min Zhang,<sup>1</sup> Can-Li Song,<sup>2,3,\*</sup> Shuai-Hua Ji,<sup>2,3</sup> Lili Wang,<sup>2,3</sup> Ke He,<sup>2,3</sup> Xi Chen,<sup>2,3</sup> Qi-Kun Xue,<sup>2,3</sup> and Xu-Cun Ma<sup>1,2,3,†</sup>



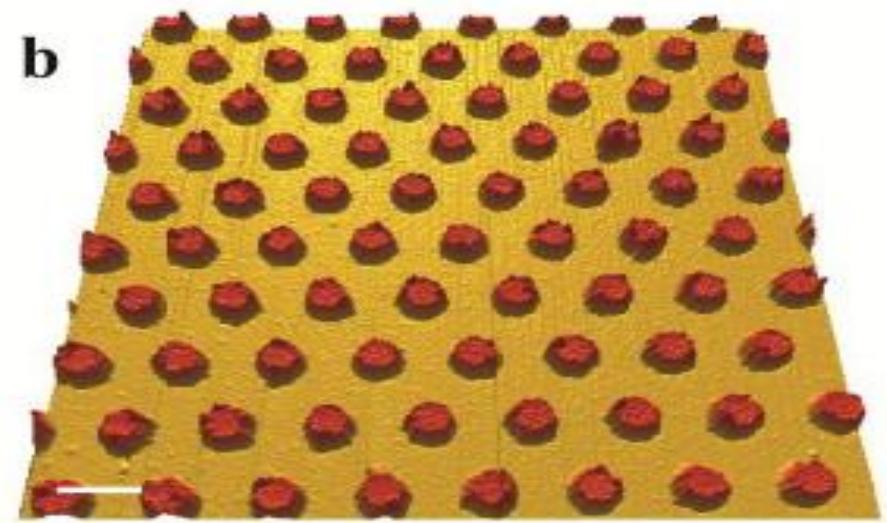
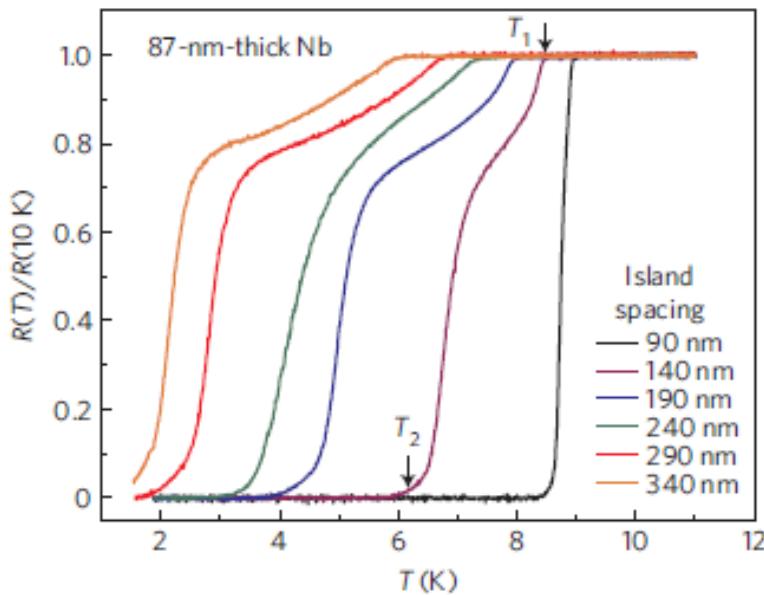
# True phase coherence in single nanograins?

## Josephson array?

# No

$$\Delta N \Delta \phi \geq \hbar$$

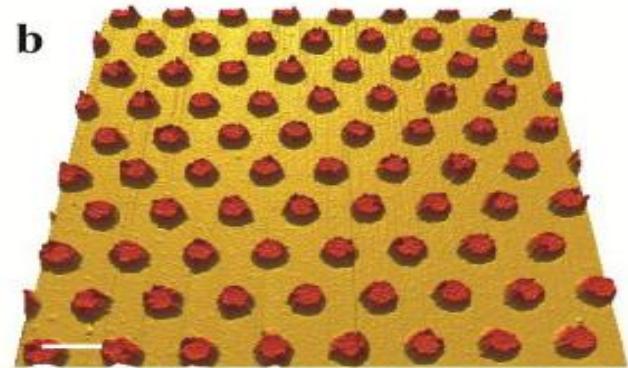
# Maybe



Mason, et al, Nature Physics 8 59 (2012)

# Engineering granular materials

Optimal but realistic



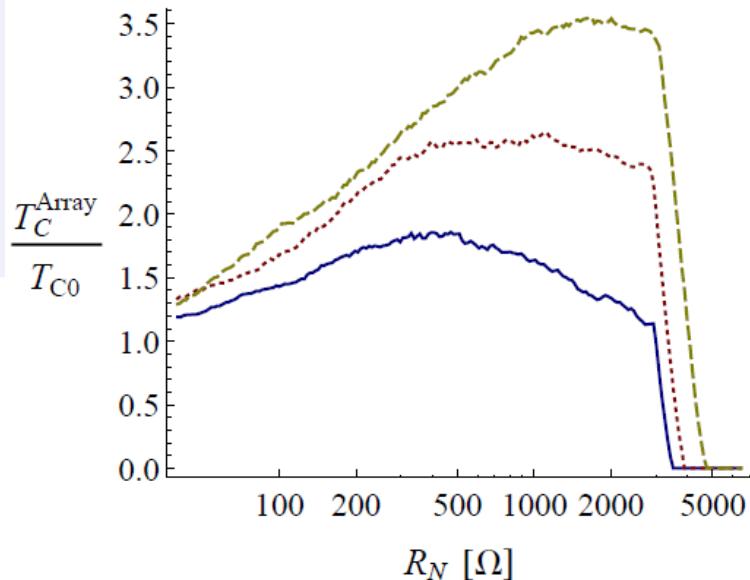
Size

Variance

Packing

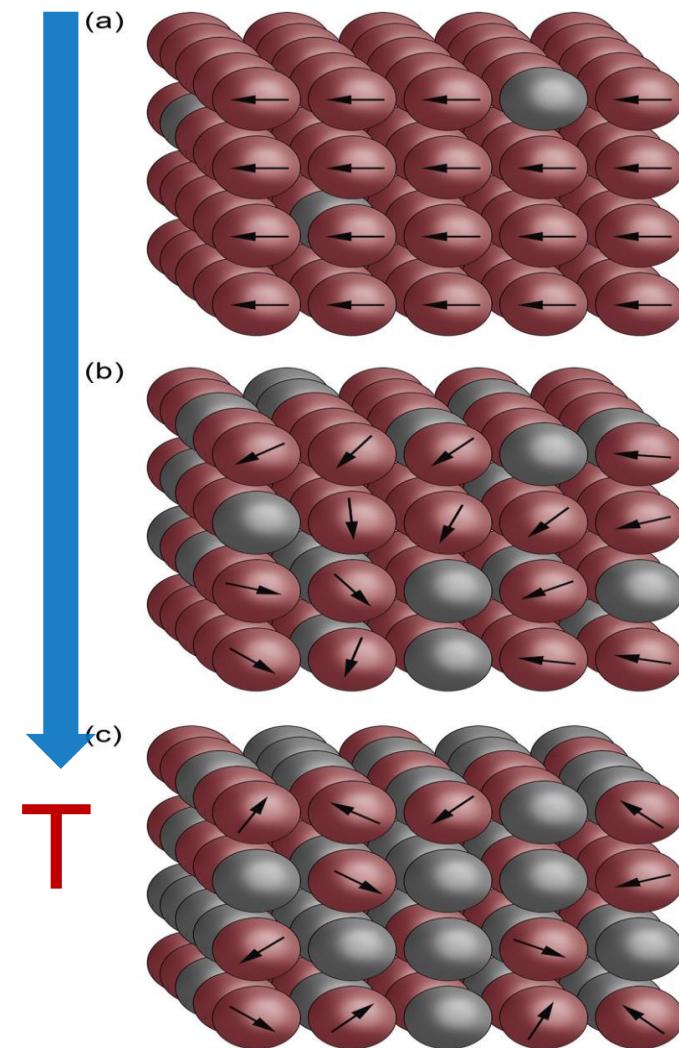


$$T_C = 1.3 T_C^{bulk}$$
$$T_C = 1.5 T_C^{bulk}$$
$$T_C = 3.0 T_C^{bulk} !!!$$

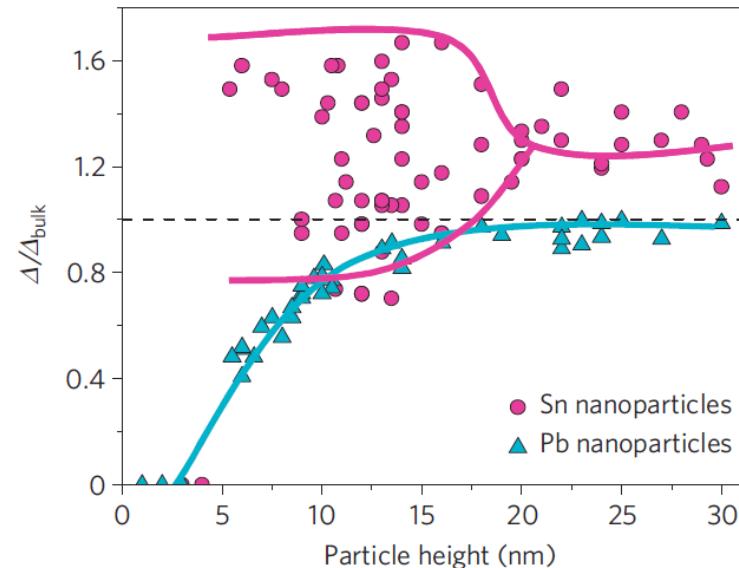


Grey = No SC

$L \sim 5\text{nm}$



# Global $T_c$ ?



Highly inhomogenous

Local  $T_c$  sensitive to  $L$

Fine not all grains SC

# Designing JJ arrays:

Realistic, doable,  
optimal

3D

Nano  
spheres

NO BKT

$$P(R) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(R-\bar{R})^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{R} &\geq 4nm \\ \sigma &\sim 1nm\end{aligned}$$

YES BCS

Deutscher 73'

Clean

Quasi particle  
tunnelling

Charging

Packing

# How?

Single grain

Open grain

$$\Delta \gg \delta$$

BCS

$$L \sim 5nm$$

$$\frac{1}{k_F L} \ll 1$$

Periodic orbit  
theory

$$\nu(\varepsilon) \Leftrightarrow L_p$$

Balian, Bloch, Gutzwiller

Tunneling

Cutoff long periodic orbits

# 3D Array

## Charging

## Hopping

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\beta d\tau \sum_i \frac{\dot{\phi}_i^2}{E_Q} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \int_0^\beta d\tau J_{ij} \cos(2(\phi_i(\tau) - \phi_j(\tau))) +$$

Schoen,  
Zaikin,Fazio.

## Quasiparticles

$$2 \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \int_0^\beta d\tau \int_0^\beta d\tau' G_{ij}(\tau - \tau') \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{4}(\delta\phi_{ij}(\tau) - \delta\phi_{ij}(\tau'))\right)$$

$$J_{ij} = \frac{\Delta_i \Delta_j}{\beta} \frac{R_Q}{R_N} \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{\pi(2l+1)}{\beta}\right)^2 + \Delta_i^2\right)\left(\left(\frac{\pi(2l+1)}{\beta}\right)^2 + \Delta_j^2\right)}}$$

HOMOGENEOUS



$$\bar{z} = zp$$

$$1 = \frac{\tilde{E}_Q}{\bar{z}J} + e^{-\beta \tilde{E}_Q/2}$$

Percolation ?

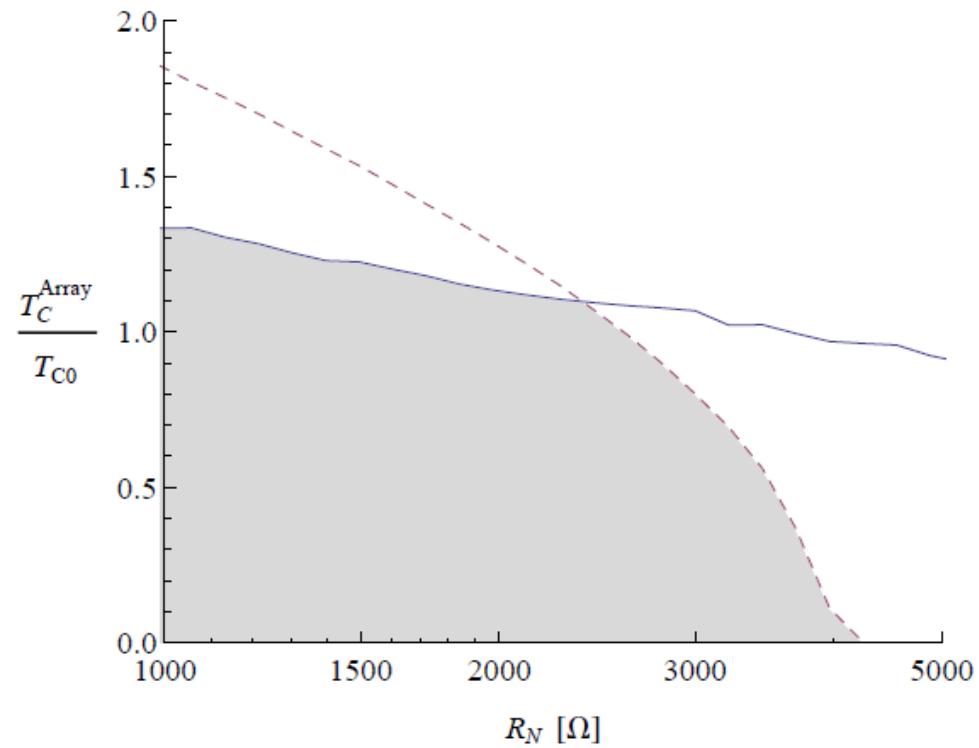
$$\tilde{E}_Q = \left( \frac{1}{E_Q} + \frac{\eta}{E_Q^*} \right)^{-1} \quad J = \frac{\bar{\Delta} R_Q}{2 R_N} \tanh\left(\frac{\beta \bar{\Delta}}{2}\right) \quad E_Q^* = \frac{124e^2 \bar{\Delta} R_N}{3\pi\hbar}$$

# Percolation?

## Phase fluctuations?

↑  
↓  $T$   
 $\#SCgrains$

$T_c$ ?

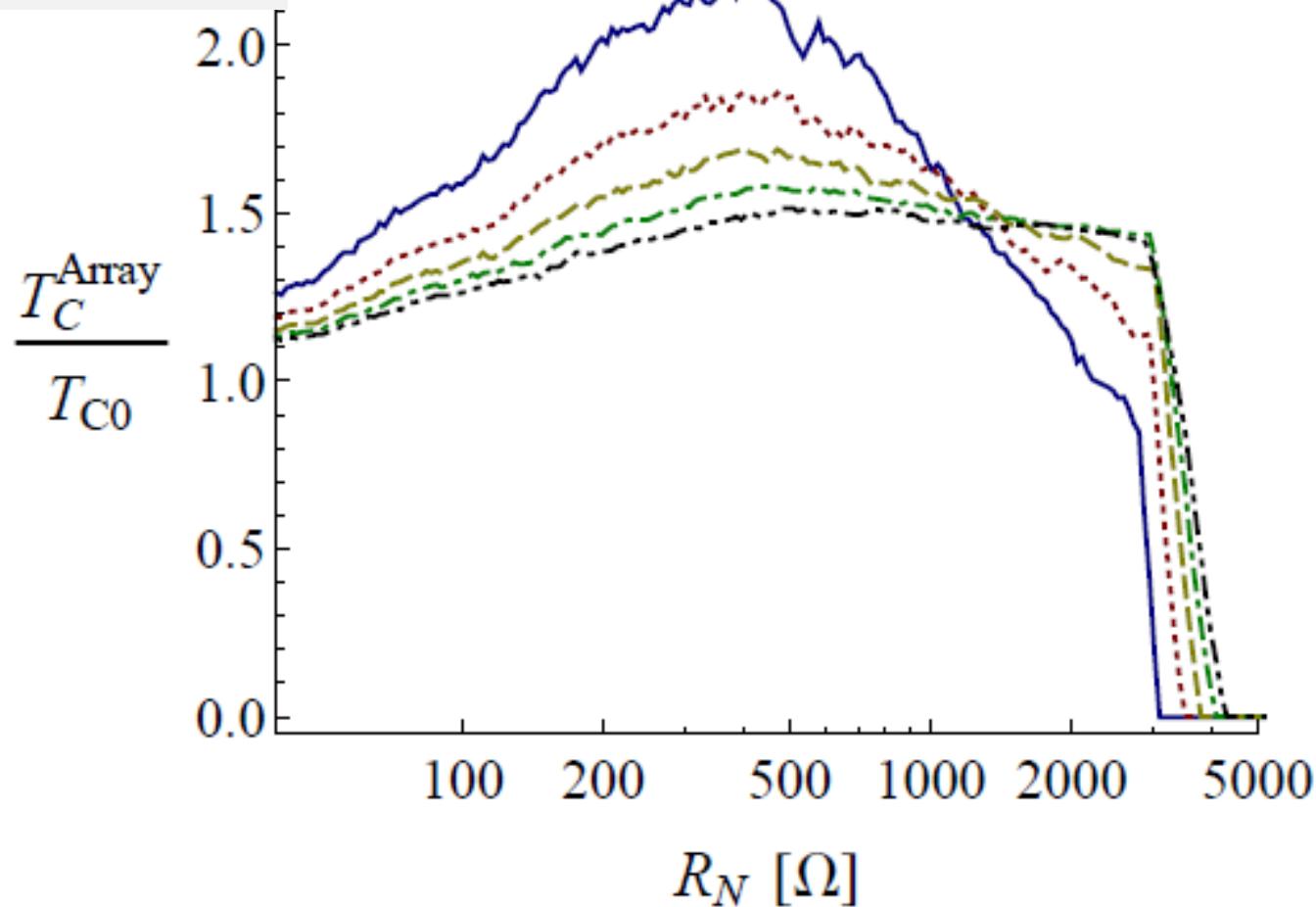


$R=5\text{nm}$   $\sigma=1\text{nm}$   $\lambda=0.3$

$$\lambda = 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35$$

$$\sigma = 1 \text{ nm}$$

$$\bar{R} = 5 \text{ nm}$$

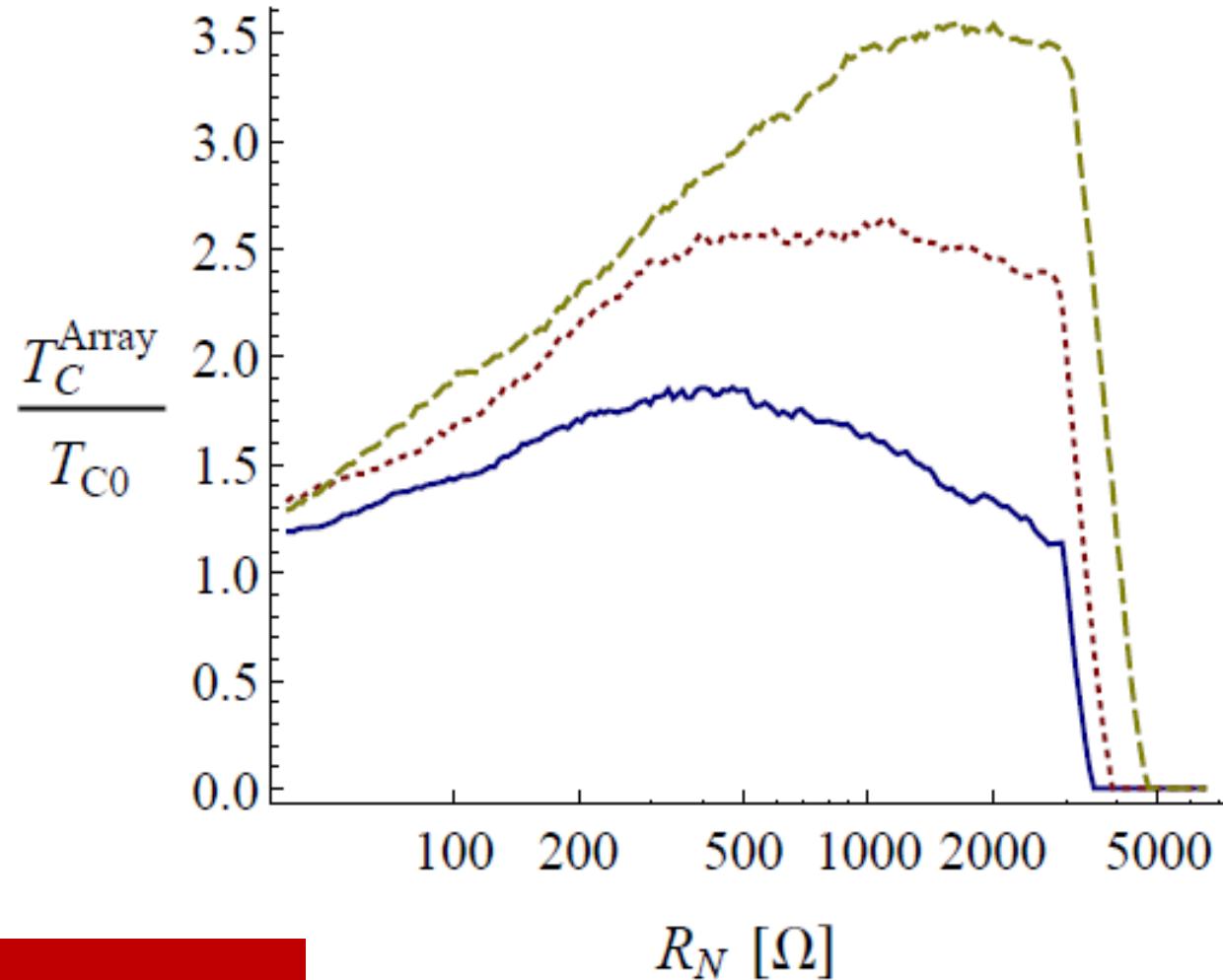


# Packing = Cubic, BCC, FCC

$\sigma = 1 \text{ nm}$

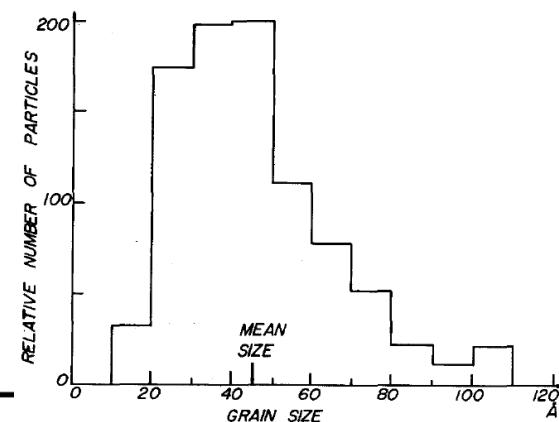
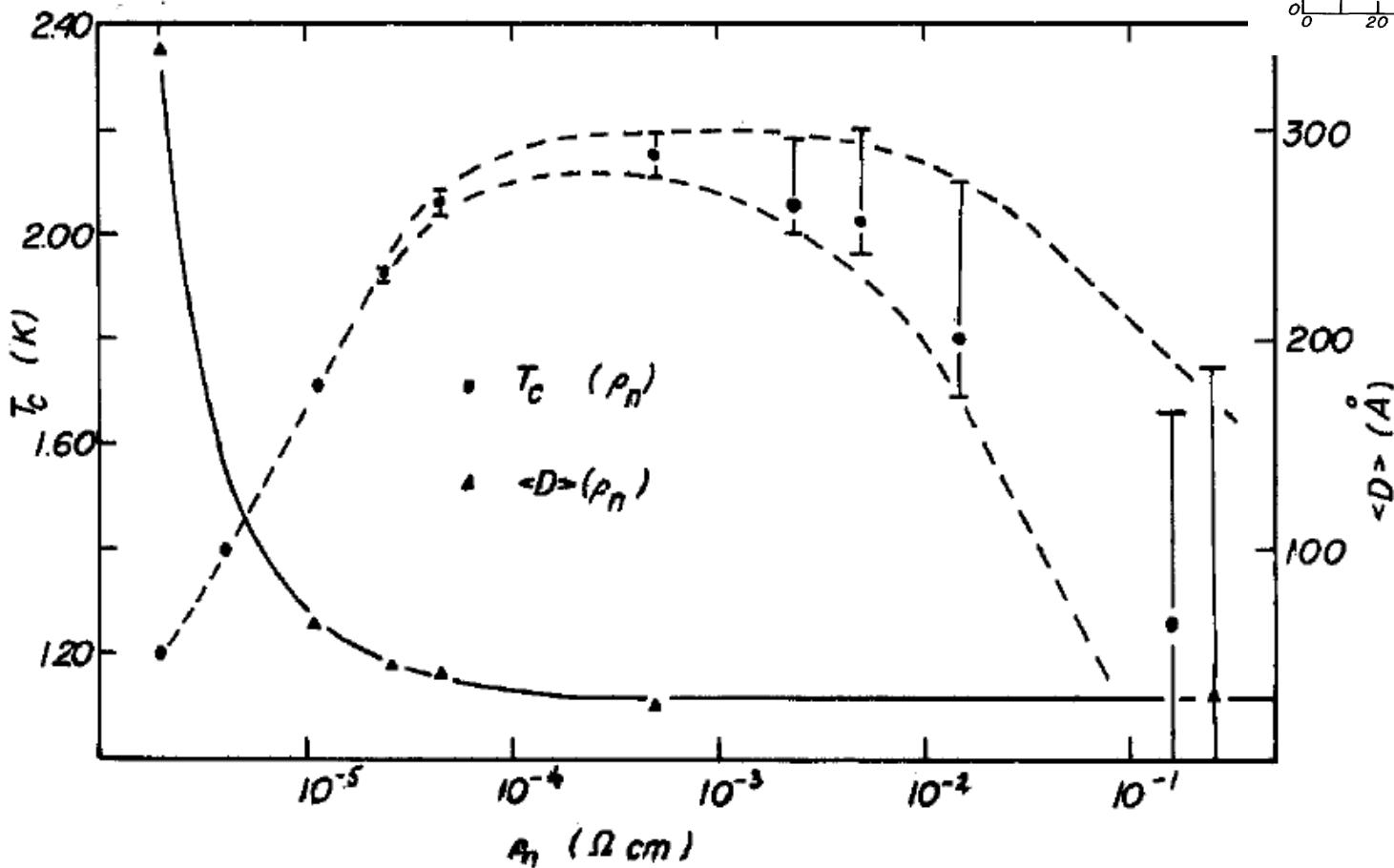
$\bar{R} = 5 \text{ nm}$

$\lambda = 0.25$



## Enhancement!

# Al evaporated on a glass substrate



Disorder and  
enhancement of  
superconductivity?

Gor'kov and Abrikosov

# Anderson theorem

Anderson, J. Phys. Chem. Solids 11, 26 (1959)

Finkelstein A M, 1987

# Weak localization corrections

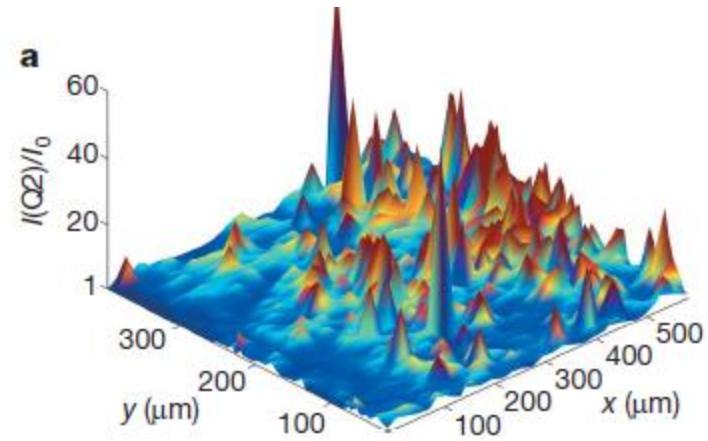
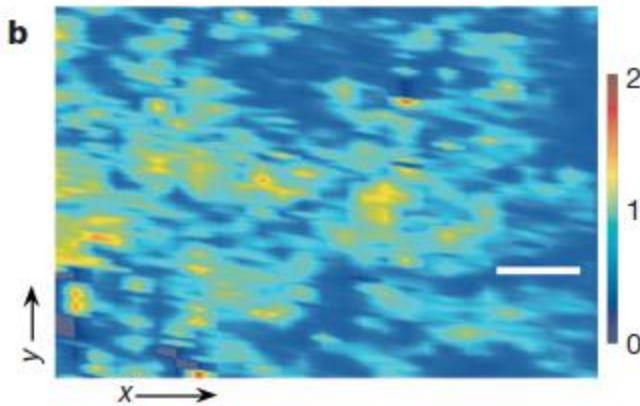
Maekawa S, Fukuyama H, 1982  
J.Phys.Soc. Jpn. 51 1380.

Anderson theorem  
is all but a theorem

Be careful with  
BCS+Perturbation

# Enhancement of $T_c$ by disorder

Fractal distributions  
of dopants enhance  
 $T_c$  in cuprates



Bianconi, et al., Nature 466, 841 (2010)

Inhomogeneities



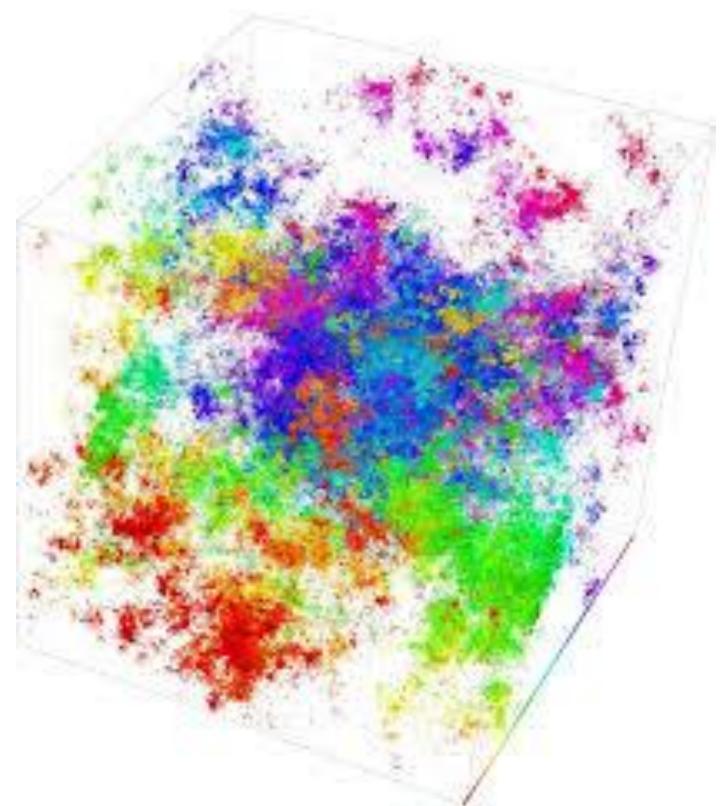
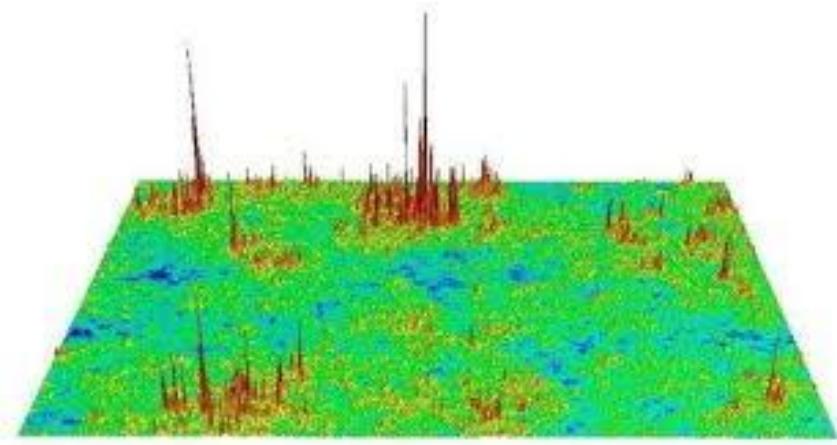
Higher  $T_c$

PRL 108, 017002 (2012)

# Anderson Metal-Insulator Transitions

## Multifractal eigenstates

Wegner, Aoki, Castellani, Efetov



$$P_q = \int d\mathbf{r} |\psi(\mathbf{r})|^{2q} \sim L^{d_q(q-1)}$$

# Strong multifractality and superconductivity

Feigelman, Ioffe, Kravtsov, Yuzbashyan, Phys. Rev. Lett. 98, 027001 (2007)

I. S. Burmistrov, I. V. Gornyi, A. D. Mirlin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 017002 (2012)

$$\Delta(\epsilon) = \frac{\lambda}{2} \int_{-\epsilon_D}^{\epsilon_D} \frac{I(\epsilon, \epsilon') \Delta(\epsilon')}{\sqrt{\epsilon'^2 + \Delta^2(\epsilon')}} \tanh \left( \frac{\beta \sqrt{\epsilon'^2 + \Delta^2(\epsilon')}}{2} \right) d\epsilon'$$

$$I(\epsilon, \epsilon') = \left( \frac{E_0}{|\epsilon - \epsilon'|} \right)^\gamma \quad \epsilon_D \rightarrow \infty \quad ?$$

$$V \int d\mathbf{r} |\psi(\epsilon, \mathbf{r})|^2 |\psi(\epsilon', \mathbf{r})|^2$$

$$\epsilon = \epsilon_F$$
$$\gamma \sim 0.4$$

$$\gamma = 1 - \frac{d_2}{d} \sim 0.4$$

$$T_c^0(\lambda, \gamma) = E_0 \lambda^{1/\gamma} C(\gamma)$$

$$P_q = \int d\mathbf{r} |\psi(\mathbf{r})|^{2q} \sim L^{d_q(q-1)}$$

$$T_c \geq 1000K$$

# Weak multifractality and superconductivity

J. Mayoh and AGG, arxiv:1412.0029

Where?

(Ultra) Thin films

2D + Spin orbit

1D + Long Range

How?

$\lambda, \gamma \ll 1$

$BCS, \epsilon_D$  fixed

Percolation

What?

$\Delta(\epsilon_F)$  spatial distribution

$\Delta(\epsilon)$  energy dependence

$\Delta(r)$  spatial distribution

Global  $T_c$

$$\gamma = 1 - \frac{d_2}{d}$$

$$d_q \approx d(1 - \kappa q)$$

$$\kappa = \alpha/g$$

Can disorder  
enhance SC?

$$\Delta(\epsilon_F) = \Delta_\gamma$$

$$\Delta_\gamma = D(\gamma)\epsilon_D \left(1 + \frac{\gamma}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\epsilon_D}{E_0}\right)^\gamma\right)^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

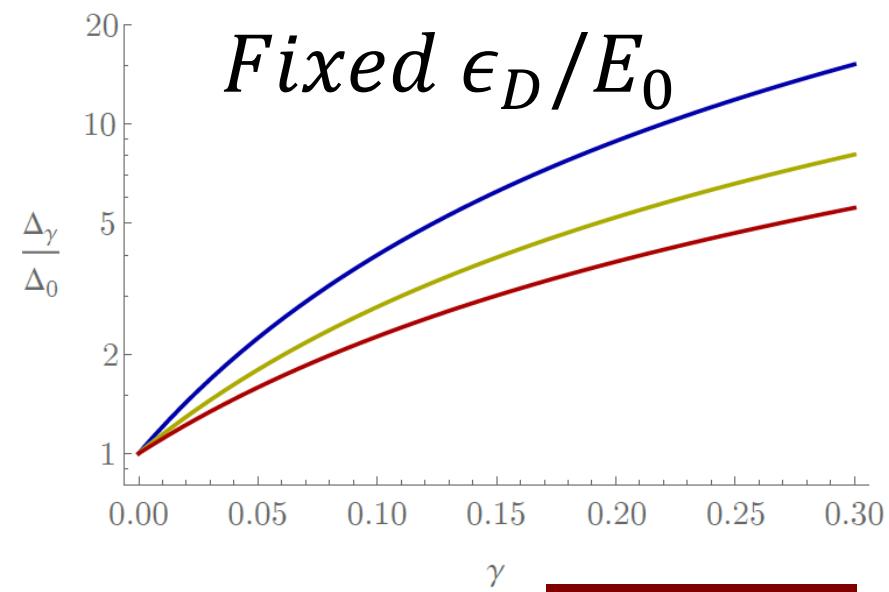
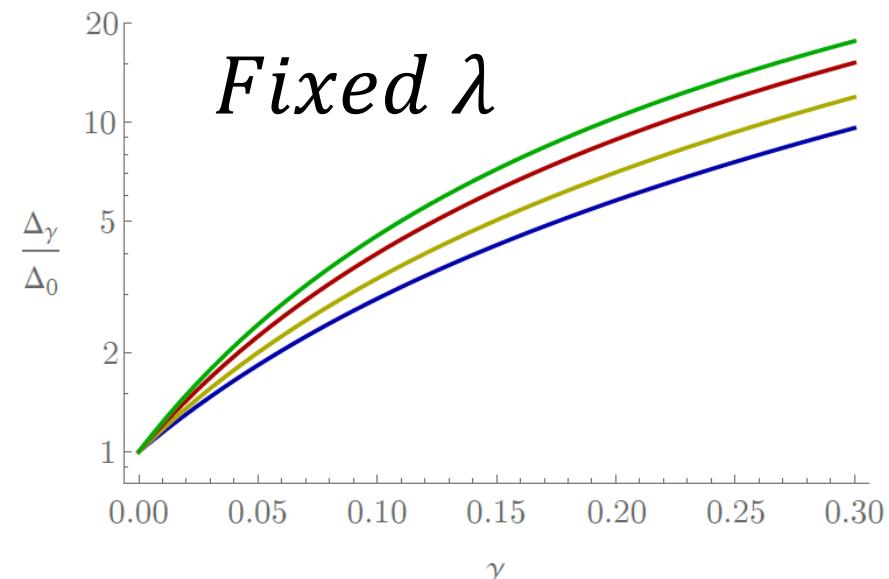
$$\Delta_\gamma \approx D(\gamma)\epsilon_D e^{-\frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\epsilon_D}{E_0}\right)^\gamma}$$

$$\frac{2\Delta_\gamma}{k_B T_{c\gamma}} = \frac{2D(\gamma)}{C(\gamma)}$$

Still unrealistic

Why?

Inhomogenous SC

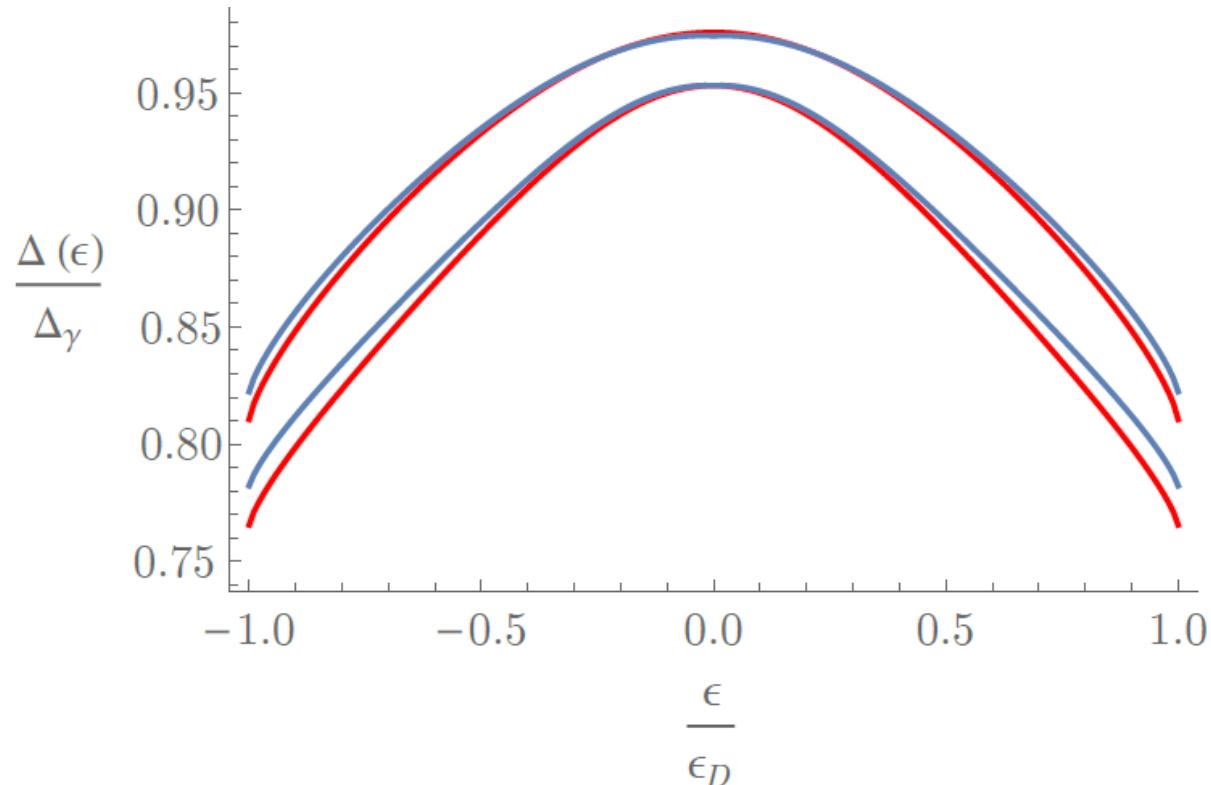


Not  
true Tc

# Energy dependence of $\Delta(\epsilon)$

$$\Delta(\epsilon) = \Delta_\gamma(1 + \gamma f_1(\epsilon) + \gamma^2 f_2(\epsilon) + \dots)$$

$$f_1(\epsilon) = \frac{\lambda}{2} \int_{-\epsilon_D}^{\epsilon_D} \left[ \frac{\epsilon'^2 f_1(\epsilon')}{(\epsilon'^2 + \Delta_\gamma^2)^{3/2}} \left| \frac{E_0}{\epsilon'} \right|^\gamma - \frac{\ln \left| 1 - \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon'} \right|}{\sqrt{\epsilon'^2 + \Delta_\gamma^2}} \left| \frac{E_0}{\epsilon'} \right|^\gamma \right] d\epsilon'$$



# Spatial Distribution

$$\langle \Delta^n(\mathbf{r}) \rangle = \int d\mathbf{r} \prod_{j=1}^n \left( \frac{\lambda V}{2} \int \frac{\Delta(\epsilon_j)}{\sqrt{\Delta(\epsilon_j)^2 + \epsilon_j^2}} |\psi(\epsilon_j, \mathbf{r})|^2 d\epsilon_j \right)$$

Eq.137, Feigelman M V, Ioffe L B, Kravtsov V E, Cuevas E, 2010 Ann. Phys. 325 1368

$$\frac{\langle \Delta^n(\mathbf{r}) \rangle}{(\Delta_\gamma)^n} = e^{\kappa \ln(\epsilon_D/E_0)(3n-n^2)}$$

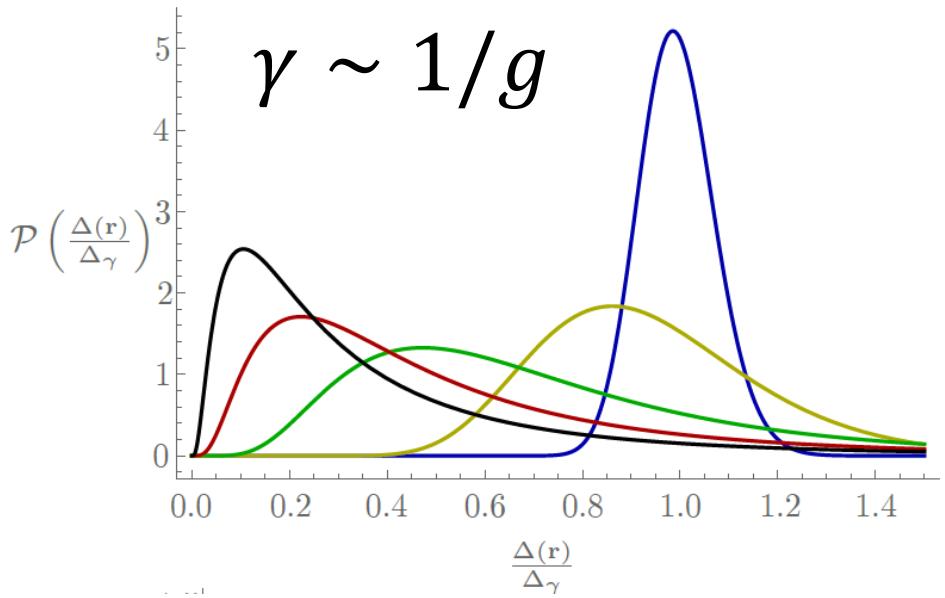
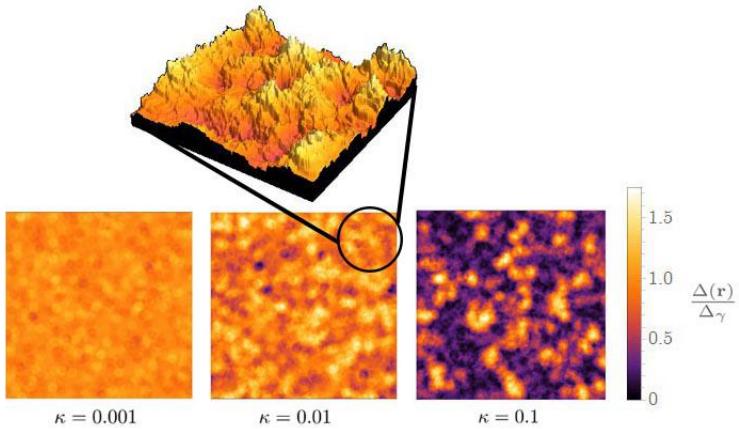
$$\mathcal{P}\left(\frac{\Delta(\mathbf{r})}{\Delta_\gamma}\right) = \frac{\Delta_\gamma}{\Delta(\mathbf{r})\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{\left(\ln\left(\frac{\Delta(\mathbf{r})}{\Delta_\gamma}\right) - \mu\right)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right]$$

$$\mu = 3\kappa \ln(\epsilon_D/E_0)$$

Universal log-normal distribution!

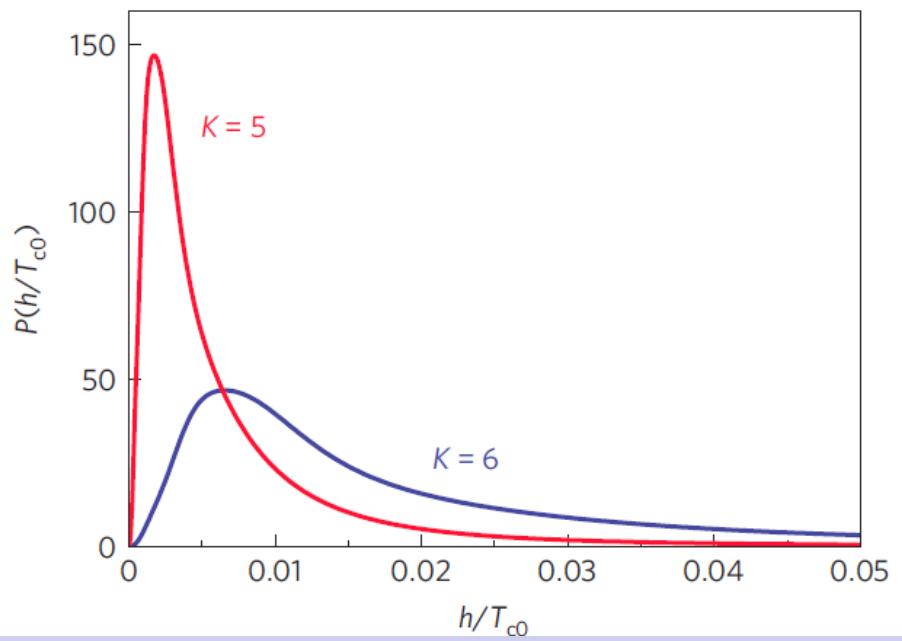
$$\left\langle \frac{\Delta(\mathbf{r})}{\Delta_\gamma} \right\rangle = \left(\frac{\epsilon_D}{E_0}\right)^{2\kappa}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{2\kappa \ln(E_0/\epsilon_D)}$$



# Global Tc?

$$\mathcal{P}\left(\frac{T_c(\mathbf{r})}{T_{c_\gamma}}\right) = \mathcal{P}\left(\frac{\Delta(\mathbf{r})}{\Delta_\gamma}\right)$$



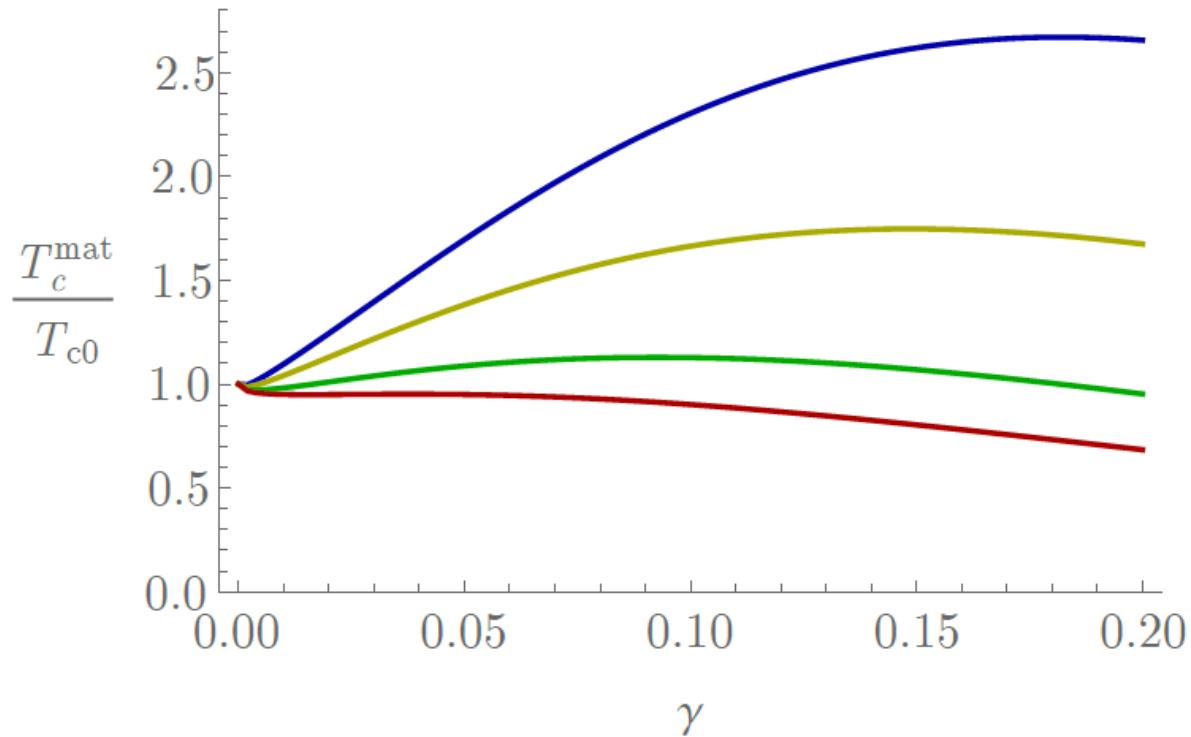
Sacepe et al., Nat. Phys. 7 239 (2011)

# Global Tc

$$\int_0^{T_c^{\text{mat}}} \mathcal{P}(T_c(\mathbf{r})) dT_c(\mathbf{r}) = 1 - \phi_c$$

# Percolation

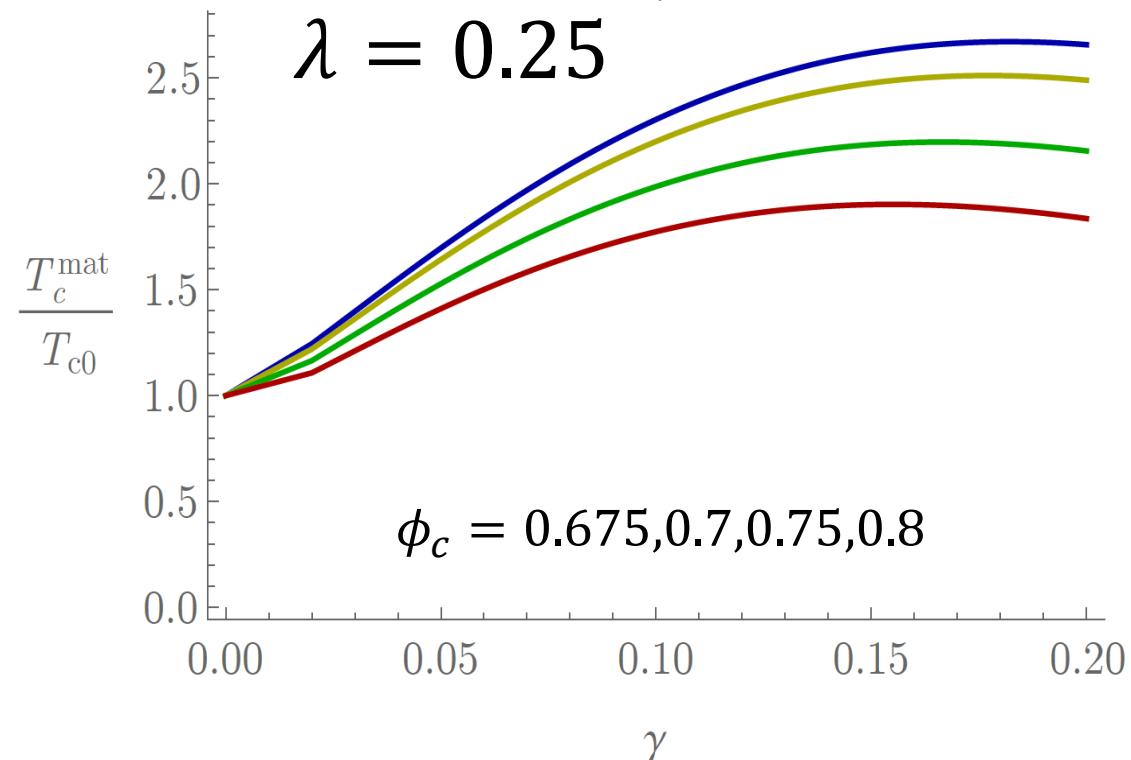
$$\phi \rightarrow \phi_c = 0.676$$



$$\lambda = 0.25, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5$$

# Phase fluctuations?

$\phi > \phi_c$



Enhancement?

Yes

But

$\lambda \leq 0.3$

AI is fine!

# Experimental tests

Disorder

STM in thin films log<sup>2</sup> distribution

Transport to test higher global Tc

Nano engineering

$L \sim 5\text{-}10\text{nm}$ ?

Conclusion:

Enhancement?

Sure

Only in boring materials?

FeSe?

MgB<sub>2</sub>?

**THANKS!**